

STANDARD PIANOS—

And Piano Dealers.

AS WITH ONE VOICE.

"Music hath charms to soothe the savage breast." And the modern savage wants the very best. This is the one piano that will meet all demands and satisfaction make complete.

KIMBALL! KIMBALL! KIMBALL! "Bid me discourse, I will enchant thine ear." With the merits that in Kimball do appear. "Such sweet compulsion doth in music lie." Any one who hears it must a Kimball buy. KIMBALL! KIMBALL! KIMBALL!

BARTLETT'S MUSIC HOUSE.

103 N. Spring st.

AMUSEMENTS—

With Dates of Events.

NEW LOS ANGELES THEATRE.

(Under the direction of Alf Hayman.)

H. G. WYATT, Manager.

One week with Saturday Matinee, commencing MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 12.

Charles Frohman presents the successful American Drama

THE GIRL I LEFT BEHIND ME!

By Helasco & Fyles.

(From the Empire Theatre, N.Y.)

As produced 200 nights in New York; 150 nights in Chicago; 21 nights in San Francisco.

The best American play.—(N. Y. Herald.)

The most intense drama since Shennan death.—(Chicago Tribune.)

The most thrilling play for years.—(San Francisco Chronicle.)

Seats now on sale.

HOTELS—

Resorts and Cakes.

THE HOLLENBECK—

The Largest and Best Hotel in Los Angeles.

AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN PLANS.

Liberal Management! Reasonable Rates!

Headquarters for Tourists and Commercial Men.

A. C. BILICKE & CO., Props.

HOLLENBECK HOTEL CAFE—

The Finest Restaurant in Southern California. Catering for Weddings and Parties in or out of the city.

OYSTERS, 50c DOZEN.

J. E. AULL, Prop.

THE SAN MARCOS HOTEL—

SANTA BARBARA, CAL.

On the American and European Plan.

A large, airy hotel open all the year in Santa Barbara.

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POINTS OF THIS MORNING'S NEWS

—IN—

Ch. Times.

TODAY'S BULLETIN—SEPTEMBER 11, 1893.

(BY TELEGRAPH.) Chinese of San Bernardino coming to Los Angeles or going to "Frisco"—how they have been entering the country....The repeal bill will continue to occupy the attention of Congress....The Los Angeles Chinese will be shipped from San Francisco on Tuesday....The President being congratulated on the arrival of his little daughter....Boss Buckley coming back to California....Identification of the dead Delta bank robbers....The latest news from Rio Janeiro....Interest at New York in the coming yacht race....The body of Guiteau—where buried.

NOTABLE LOCAL OCCURRENCES.

A "green goods" victim arrested on a charge of improperly using the mails....Mysterious disappearance of a cabinet-maker—his family left in destitute circumstances....Jewish New Year's eve services at the synagogue....Annual target practice of Co. A, Seventh Regiment, N.G.C....Latest phase of the local Chinese situation....Arrival of George Luis Ross of Lower California....The tax levy and supervisors....Auditor Lopez replies to the Citizens' League.

GENERAL.

The new Laguna Hotel destroyed by fire—building and contents a total loss....Los Angeles Electric Railway Company to take charge of the Pasadena lines....Two arrests at Santa Monica for assault with a deadly weapon....The new Northern baseball scheme....The Anaheim Bank to go into liquidation.

WEATHER INDICATIONS.

For Southern California: Fair weather; nearly stationary temperature on Monday; westerly winds.

SPECIAL NOTICES—

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE Southern California Loan Association will be held at the office of the association, 355 North Main street, Los Angeles, Cal., on Tuesday, September 12, 1893, at 2 p.m.

THE SAFE DEPOSIT BOXES OF THE State Loan and Trust Company are in the vault, which is ample in size and is brilliantly lighted by electricity; also, it is fire-proof and burglar-proof.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF STOCKHOLDERS of the Western Commercial Company will be held at the company's office, 215 N. Main street, Los Angeles, Cal., on Tuesday, September 12, 1893, at 2 p.m.

WILLIAM R. BURKE & CO., FIRE INSURANCE AGENTS, \$200,000 represented; 414 N. Main street, Los Angeles, Cal.

LITTLEBOY'S DRUG STORE—FINEST line of perfumery, manicure and toilet articles; 311 N. Main street, Los Angeles, Cal.

PIANO AND ORGAN TUNING—THREE EXPERTS; reasonable rates to clubs. FREDK W. LEONARD, 303 N. Spring st.

MRS. JENIE KEMENY, VOCAL teacher; residence, 67 S. Hill st.; Studio, rooms 41-43, Potomac building, S. Broadway.

HAVE FOUR STRAW AND FELT hats made new and stylish for 50 cents at THURSTON'S, 264 S. Main st., opp. Third.

HEINEMAN & STERN'S MEATS, 119 S. Broadway.

J. H. COITNEY, BUILDER, BUILDS homes and cottages for \$500. 139 S. BROADWAY.

HEINER, EXPERT PIANO TUNER, Dugan's Music Store, 233 S. Spring.

MONEY TO LOAN—

And Money Wanted.

LOAN COMPANY, (Incorporated.)

Loans money in any amounts on all kinds of collateral security; diamonds, jewelry, sealings, merchandise, etc., also on pianos, iron and steel safes and furniture in lodging-houses, board-houses and hotels, without removal; partial payments received; money quick; business confidential; private offices for male and female; 414 S. Spring st.

MONEY TO LOAN—\$500.00.

LOWEST RATES.

GERMAN EXCHANGE AND LOAN SOCIETY OF S. F.

227 W. Second st.

MONEY LOANED ON DIAMONDS, watches, jewelry, pianos, live stock, carriages, bicycles, all kinds personal security. LEE BROS., 402 S. Spring st.

O. A. DOBSON, NOTARY PUBLIC, and conveyancer, 1 Bryson Block, 19 S. Broadway.

WANTED—LOANS OF \$100, \$500, \$1000 and \$2000 and \$3000; these securities are 3 to 4 for one. LEE A. MCCONNELL, 119 S. Broadway.

WAREHOUSE RECEIPTS—THE undersigned will loan money on warehouse receipts. R. G. LUNY, 277 W. Second st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON CITY AND county property also on collateral. GEO. S. ROBINSON, 213 W. First st.

WANTED—TO BORROW \$500, \$750 and \$1000; securities \$2000; LEE BROS., 402 S. Spring st.

MONEY TO LOAN ON MORTGAGES at current rates. C. A. SUMNER & CO., 107 S. Broadway.

WANTED—\$12,000 AT 7 PER CENT. net on gilt-edge security. WM. MEAD, 209 S. Broadway.

WANTED—\$20 FOR 3 YEARS ON IMPROVED property, close in. OWNER, Times office.

MODELS—

And Model-makers.

GOLDMAN & SON, MODELMAKERS, 132 S. Main st., Los Angeles.

Model-makers, Los Angeles.

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RIO TRANQUIL.

(FORN RECORD.)

Official Dispatch to That Effect.

Belief, However, That It is Misleading.

U. S. Minister Thompson's Recent Cablegram

Conceded in London to Be Probably Correct.

Revolutionists Victorious in an Engagement.

Bismarck Seriously Ill—The Vatican to Investigate Opposition to Satelli.

By Telegram to The Times.

LONDON, Sept. 10.—(By Cable and Associated Press.) An official dispatch has been received at the Brazilian Legation here which seems to throw light upon the situation of affairs in that disturbed republic. The message says that Rio de Janeiro was in a state of perfect tranquility, all alarming reports to the contrary. The official message adds that the Brazilian government is strong, has the confidence of a majority of the people, and that it is able to repress and will repress all revolts. Congress, continues the official communication, has just declared a state of siege, but the government prefers not to be obliged to carry out the workings of martial law. There is a significant ending to this message, however, and that is that it is admitted that the insurgents have attempted to make several landings at various points, but they were repulsed, and, it is said, appear to be thoroughly disheartened, and likely to surrender at any moment. The insurgent squadron, it appears, is now held in check by the forts at the entrance of the bay, where the officers in command have orders to fire upon the revolutionary vessels the moment they are sighted. Gunners are kept at their posts night and day, and sub-marine torpedoes are reported to have been placed in the channels likely to be followed by the insurgents if an attempt is made to put to sea and steam for Santos with the intention of capturing that port and joining issues with the insurgent forces in revolted districts. This official message is regarded here as being somewhat reassuring, though the fact is not lost sight of that it is an "official" communication from the Brazilian government, and therefore likely to depict the situation in most favorable colors. On the other hand, the message sent by the United States Minister to Brazil, Thomas Thompson, stating that there was danger of the bombardment of Rio de Janeiro, is looked upon as being the most trustworthy statement of the state of affairs existing there. In view of the statements made by the Brazilian delegate in Europe to the effect that the naval revolt was not inspired by patriotic motives, the opinion expressed by naval officer here that the insurgents' ships should be treated as pirates, and if the government of Brazil is not able to bring them to terms, the foreign warships should be called upon to restore order, though this will be done in any case if the bombardment of Rio de Janeiro is attempted.

EVERYWHERE REPULSED.

The Insurgents Apparently Between the "Devil and the Deep Sea."

BUENOS AIRES, Sept. 10.—(By Cable and Associated Press.) Brazil's naval insurgents are hemmed in within the confines of the bay, surrounded on all sides by land forces loyal to Peixoto, and, for lack of reinforcements or supplies, the revolt is soon expected to end in a fiasco, like Rear-Admiral Wanderkolk's recent attempt.

The latest advice received here says that the insurgents have attempted to land at various points in the bay, but have everywhere been repulsed, and appear to be disheartened. Admiral Mellos invited the garrison in Santa Cruz to join the revolt, but met with a firm refusal.

THE LETTER CASE.

Word Received from Nansen's Expedition Concerning Its Condition.

LONDON, Sept. 10.—(By Cable and Associated Press.) The Times this morning publishes a long letter from Explorer Nansen, dated aboard the ship Fram at Charabowa, Yugorski Strait, August 2, 1893, and which is probably the last letter written by him before his vessel was caught in the ice. In the communication Nansen hopes the ice, which was then evidently closing around him, will drift him across the polar region. The letter also describes his eventful journey since June 21, and outlines Nansen's future programme.

NOT FOR PUBLICATION.

The Facts of a Suspicious Death Not to Be Divulged.

LONDON, Sept. 10.—(By Cable and Associated Press.) No fresh cases of cholera were reported at Hull today, and there were no deaths. There are now only two cholera patients in the town, and they are nearly well. A case of supposed cholera has been found in Leicester. A woman who kept a fish shop was attacked with sickness and died in a few hours. An autopsy has been made, but the authorities will not make the result public.

AMONG THE TURKS.

Twenty to Thirty New Cases of Cholera Reported Daily.

LONDON, Sept. 10.—(By Cable and Associated Press.) A correspondent of the Times at Constantinople says that cholera has broken out in the central prison there, and at the French and municipal hospitals at Per. There are also cases of cholera in the Soutary lunatic asylum. Twenty to thirty new cases are reported daily, and 30 per

cent. of those attacked die. The existence of the disease has not caused any panic as yet, but business has been much affected.

REBELS VICTORIOUS.

Fighting in the Streets of Tucuman—A Critical Position.

BUENOS AIRES, Sept. 10.—(By Cable and Associated Press.) News from Tucuman is far from satisfactory to the government. There has been more fighting on the streets of that city. The rebels are in possession of the railroads and have received reinforcements from the surrounding country. The position of the government is said to be critical. The Governor has asked for reinforcements, as his troops are far outnumbered by the rebels.

BISMARCK ILL.

The Iron Chancellor Not Well Enough to Leave Kissingen.

LONDON, Sept. 10.—(By the Associated Press.) The Daily News correspondent at Kissingen says that Prince Bismarck is too ill to travel, and that his departure from here has been postponed tonight. The ex-Chancellor is seriously ill. He is unable to eat and is generally in a bad condition. He caught a chill recently in receiving a deputation of his Frankfurt admirers, and then suffered from an attack of gout.

BAD FOR SOMEBODY.

The Opposition to Mgr. Satelli to Be Investigated.

LONDON, Sept. 10.—(By Cable and Associated Press.) The Daily News correspondent at Kissingen says that the Vatican is now open to an inquiry of the most searching character into the latest opposition to Mgr. Satelli in the United States, an opposition whose ramifying influences are extending to Rome itself. The Vatican has resolved to act with the greatest energy upon the evidence it has secured in the matter.

AT IT AGAIN.

PARIS, Sept. 10.—An official decree has been issued announcing that an international exposition will be held in France in 1900.

(SPORTING RECORD.)

ON TIPTOE.

Sports Anxiously Looking for the Valkyrie.

Jim Hall Will Be One of Mitchell's Trainers.

The Chicago Defeat the Washingtons—Jack Edwards Is Knocked Out.

By Telegram to The Times.

NEW YORK, Sept. 10.—(By the Associated Press.) Interest tonight in the trial yacht races was heightened by the numerous rumors that the English boat Valkyrie had been sighted. The rumor said she had been seen off New York Harbor, and later that she had been sighted near Boston. Sporting men are anxious that Lord Dunraven's constant for the American cup should poke her nose through the gray morning's mist and lend her presence to tomorrow's contest. Inquiries by the Associated Press correspondents, both in this city and Boston, failed to confirm these rumors.

WILL COME ALONG.

Bob Fitzsimmons' Old Rival to Be With Charley Mitchell.

NEW YORK, Sept. 10.—(By the Associated Press.) Jim Hall, the Australian boxer, in a letter to a friend in this city, says: "I will surely be one of Mitchell's trainers. The best feeling exists between myself and Charley, notwithstanding the reports to the contrary. Mitchell will need a big man to box with him every day, so you can see I shall be very useful to him."

A Hurricane Fight.

DUBUQUE, Iowa, Sept. 10.—Billy Hinde of Providence knocked out Jack Edwards, the Chicago welterweight, in four rounds this morning. It was a hurricane fight.

Over the Water.

LONDON, Sept. 10.—Lord Dunraven, owner of the yacht Valkyrie, leaves for New York the steamer Campana next Saturday.

Outplayed the Senators.

CHICAGO, Sept. 10.—The Colts outplayed the Senators today. Chicago, 12; Washington, 3.

BOSS BUCKLEY.

The "Blind Devil" of San Francisco Returns to America.

BOSTON, Sept. 10.—(By the Associated Press.) Christopher A. Buckley, the blind ex-boss of San Francisco, who about three years ago was indicted by the California courts, and who skipped to Montreal before he was brought to bar, arrived here today from Montreal. Buckley went to Europe with his wife and son, and has been almost entirely forgotten by the parties interested in his whereabouts. The Cunard line steamer which arrived this morning brought the family to this city.

Buckley was interviewed as soon as he was located, and said that he had returned to America with a determination never again to enter politics. He assumed a defiant tone when speaking of the indictments against him, which he declared were illegally procured. He announced it was his purpose to remain in the East for a few weeks, and then proceed to San Francisco and fight his way back to the city. He expressed himself as resolved to stand his ground and contest the legality of the indictments.

TO THE GRAVE.

Dr. Graves's Remains are Taken East for Interment.

DENVER, Sept. 10.—(By the Associated Press.) The remains of Dr. Graves, who was found dead last Saturday in the County Jail, where he was waiting a hearing on a charge of having poisoned Mrs. Barnaby of Providence, R. I., were sent East tonight. They were accompanied by Mrs. Graves.

A PLAYTHING.

GUTEAU'S REMAINS.

They Were Not Taken to a Museum.

But Were Buried Quietly in the Laundry-room.

A Fitting Tomb for the Murderer of Garfield.

Disclosure at a Late Day of an Interesting Episode—Deputy Warden Russ Gives Some Hitherto Unpublished History.

By Telegram to The Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10.—(By the Associated Press.) Deputy Warden Russ of the District Jail made a statement today that the skeleton of Guitau, the assassin of President Garfield, is not on exhibition at the medical museum, as has been generally supposed.

It will be remembered that for a long time prior to the execution, strenuous efforts were made to ascertain where Guitau was to be buried. Persons acting in the interest of resurrectionists, both those who wanted the body for dissection and others several enterprising museum proprietors who much desired to secure it for exhibition purposes, industriously questioned every one who it was thought possessed the slightest knowledge.

Great precautions are taken to prevent the grave from being robbed, and the following mode of procedure was agreed upon to prevent the body from being stolen. In order to obviate whatever legal difficulties might arise, and to forestall any claim a sister or brother of the murderer might make, it was decided he should make a will bequeathing his body to Dr. Hicks, and it will be remembered that this will, when published, created some curiosity by the wording of it, giving, as it did, his body to be disposed of as the beneficiary, after the going of the whole matter, and realizing that it would be impossible to properly protect the corpse, it was decided to bury it in the jail. On the night of the hanging, after the autopsy, the body remained in a cheap coffin in the chapel of the jail.

"Upon my arrival at the jail," said Deputy Russ, "early on the Saturday morning following the execution, I secured a couple of trustees, and taking them with me, proceeded to the laundry-room. It was a little room just to the east of the engine-room, dimly lighted by a small lamp hanging from the ceiling. The amateur grave-diggers went to work, and quickly removing the flooring, dug a grave sufficiently deep.

"By this time the body had been brought down from the chapel and the grave finished. There was only a small party that stood about the open grave and listened to the solemn reading of the burial service. Gen. Crocker, who was present, and, I believe, Charlie Reed, the lawyer who assisted in Guitau's defense, besides several guards and two prisoners who dug the grave. It was a weird scene, and one I shall never forget. The burial in such a somber place was particularly nerve-racking, and I think we all felt relieved when Dr. Hicks concluded and the darkeys began to cover up the coffin.

"This did not consume much time, and it was not long before the grave was filled up and the flooring restored to its normal position. There was no particular compact made as to secrecy among us, but it seemed to be generally understood that we would maintain silence. The corpse was in considerable excitement at the time. The story that the body had been secretly removed to the medical museum was permitted to go uncontradicted, just as I state, because we did not believe it concerned anyone.

VIOLENCE THREATENED.

Discharged Italian Coal-miners Will Prevent Others Working.

PITTSBURGH (Pa.) Sept. 10.—(By the Associated Press.) About 100 Italian coal-miners employed in the Bradfield mines in Cherry Valley, near here, were discharged yesterday on account of the depression in the trade. The discharged were mostly single men, those who were married were mostly from the purpose of preventing others from working. This afternoon they appeared on the streets, armed, and openly threatened to shoot the first man attempting to enter the mines tomorrow. They have the roads leading to the mines patrolled, and appear determined to carry their threats into execution.

This evening Bradfield said he would protect the men, even if it was necessary to use arms, and that he would not allow any trouble unless force is used to prevent it, and will probably appeal to the Sheriff for protection.

INDEPENDENCE.

A Suggestion That It Follow This Country.

NEW YORK, Sept. 10.—(By the Associated Press.) H. B. Mannion of Omaha, Neb., president of the Irish National League; J. P. Sutton of Lincoln, Neb., secretary, and William Lyman of New York, treasurer, have issued a manifesto to the Irish people in America, denouncing Gladstone's Home-rule Bill, and giving the reason why it can never become a law.

They say: "It appears to us that the time has come when the Irish race the world over should be enlisted in a significant movement for the liberation of Ireland. It has power to strike the chains from the motherland if it has only the will. A great convention of Irishmen from all countries, we think, should be called, and a plan for united action formulated and adopted. At such a convention, the example of the American patriots might be emulated, and a declaration of Ireland's independence be given to the world."

CONGRATULATIONS.

The President in Receipt of Messages from All Sections.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 10.—(By the Associated Press.) Congratulatory telegrams and messages continue to arrive at the White House, expressing the felicity of the public from one end of the country to the other, over the happiness which has been brought to the Chief Executive of the Nation and his wife by the birth of another child. Both Mrs. Cleveland and her babe are as well as the conditions will allow. The day at the White House was spent very quietly.

THE BOOMERS.

The Opening of the Cherokee Strip Land Offices Eagerly Awaited.

ARKANSAS CITY (Kan.) Sept. 10.—(By the Associated Press.) The government has made all last night and today, and this evening 857 people were in line, with others falling in every few minutes.

The line is about a quarter of a mile long. It is composed of all nationalities, ages, conditions and sizes. Vendors of hot coffee, sandwiches, water and pie do a thriving business along the line. Counting today's arrivals, there are now about twelve thousand people encamped hereabouts, awaiting the opening.

INTO EACH OTHER.

A Train Collision Caused by a Negligent Operator.

FORT WAYNE (Ind.) Sept. 10.—(By the Associated Press.) This morning a collision occurred on the New York, Chicago and St. Louis Railway between two trains. The accident was caused by the failure of the telegraph operator at Junction to deliver the train order.

Both locomotives were entirely destroyed and fifteen cars of merchandise were demolished. Jack Davidson, an engineer, was killed. Percy Unger, his fireman, had both legs crushed and scalded so badly that death will result. Charles Merritt, the other engineer, had a leg broken. Three brakemen were seriously hurt.

FARING BETTER.

The Exposition Inspected by an Increased Number of Sunday Visitors.

CHICAGO, Sept. 10.—(By the Associated Press.) There was a decided increase in the attendance at the fair today. The total admissions were 47,671, of which 34,886 were paid. Heretofore the number of people who went through the gates on Sunday has not exceeded 20,000. The Art building was thrown open, and here a large number of those in attendance spent the afternoon. The Midway Plaisance had its share of patronage, and between the two places the largest portion of the crowd spent an enjoyable day. Tomorrow is Silver day. Exercises will be held in Music Hall at 10 o'clock.

WILL HARMONIZE.

Another Religious Congress, Which Will Also Be Unique.

CHICAGO, Sept. 10.—(By the Associated Press.) Tomorrow, in the Art Institute, the Parliament of Religion will begin. The first day's work will consist largely of addresses, welcomed by the speakers. The religious which have fought each other will, for the first time in the history of the world, be represented in one congress, and priests and missionaries of every faith will compare the beliefs which they represent. Many prominent people from all parts of the world will be present.

CORBETT'S UNCLE.

An Alleged Relative of the Pugilist Found Dead.

JEFFERSON CITY (Mo.) Sept. 10.—(By the Associated Press.) The body of a man named Corbett was found in the river at Osage City, today. He came down the river some days ago in a covered flat-boat, and said he had come from the headwaters of the Mississippi, and was on his way to Chicago. He said he was the uncle of James Corbett, the pugilist. He appeared to be in fairly good circumstances, and talked familiarly about the Corbett family. It is not known whether he committed suicide or was drowned by an accident.

THE CASTINE.

Trial of the New Gunboat at New London Tuesday.

NEW LONDON (Conn.) Sept. 10.—(By the Associated Press.) The Board of Naval Inspectors for the trial of the new gunboat Castine, has been ordered to meet here on Tuesday, September 12. The gunboat, Dolphin, with Secretary Herbert on board, will view the harbor, has been at anchor in the lower harbor since Saturday morning. The Castine is expected tomorrow.

BROKE IN TWO.

An Unknown Man Killed in a Railroad Accident.

COLUMBUS (O.) Sept. 10.—(By the Associated Press.) A wreck occurred today on the Erie Railroad, by the breaking in two of a freight train at Big Walnut, a few miles east of this city. An unknown man was killed, the body being mangled beyond recognition. Frank Detrick, a brakeman of Huntington, O., was probably fatally injured.

BURNED ALIVE.

Five Children Choked to Death—Their Parents Were Choked.

LITTLE ROCK, Sept. 10.—(By the Associated Press.) T. W. Whitely, residing near Silver Hill, Ark., with an elder member of his family, attended church last night, leaving five of his children, ranging in ages from 5 to 13, alone to care for the house. After the services were over, he returned to find the house had been burned to the ground, and all five of his children cremated.

QUINCY'S SUCCESSOR.

Charles Robinson of Massachusetts for Assistant Secretary of the Interior.

NEW YORK, Sept. 10.—(By the Associated Press.) Charles Robinson of this city is said, by those who claim to have authentic information, to be slated as the successor of Josiah Quincy of Massachusetts as Assistant Secretary of the Interior, though but 24 years of age, has no previous experience in public life, and has not been in the country for three years.

Congressman Cooper of Florida told this story in the House the other day, appropriating his advocacy of the Sherman law.

A lawyer down in Florida had been retained to protect a local railroad against farmers, whose animals were desecrated by the train. For three years he appeared before the county and district courts in advocacy of the wrongs of his clients. Finally he was discharged by the railway company, and at once became a Populist. Hired one day to represent a man, whose long-borne cow had become a thoroughbred Jersey by cross with a locomotive, he faced a lawyer who was his successor in the affections of the local Jay Gould. "I want to declare now," he said in concluding his diatribe against the grasping and soulless monopoly that, vampire-like, sucked the life-blood of the people, "that for three years I held my conscience in abeyance, but now it has broke loose."

THE TAX LEVY.

Providing for the Depleted Bond Fund.

The Matter to Be Decided by the Supervisors.

A Complex Situation That Must Be Met and Overcome.

A Proposition That 25 Per Cent. of the Total Amount Hereafter Unprovided for Be Levied This Year.

In all probability the Board of Supervisors at their meeting today will fix the rate of taxation for the present year. In addition to the increased State rate, the subject has recently been made more complex by the discovery of Dist. Atty. Dillon that for several years past the law relating to a special levy to meet outstanding bonds and interest proportionately, has been disregarded in part.

At the meeting of the board last Friday, the subject was brought before the District Attorney and considered by the supervisors in executive session. The section of the County Government Act having reference to this subject reads as follows:

"The board of supervisors shall estimate and levy each year, upon the taxable property of the county, in addition to the levy authorized for other purposes, a sufficient sum to pay the interest on outstanding bonds, issued in conformity with the provisions of this act, accruing before the next annual tax levy, and such proportion of the principal that at the end of five years the sum raised from such levies shall equal at least 20 per cent. of the amount of bonds issued; at the end of nine years at least 40 per cent. of the amount, and at the end of thirteen years at least 60 per cent. of the amount, and the money arising from such levies shall be used for the payment of bonds and interest coupons, and for no other purpose whatever; and the treasurer shall open and keep in his books a separate and special account, in which shall be entered at all times show the exact condition of said bond fund."

It was carefully gone over by the supervisors and the board of supervisors, but at that time no definite conclusion as to the course to be pursued was arrived at. The matter thus remains in abeyance, while, no doubt, come up today for action.

It seems that, while former boards of supervisors have each year provided for the payment of interest on the bonds, thus complying with the important part of the law in question, and thus proving, prima facie, that the intent to provide a mandatory provision for the payment of principal was by a singular lack of foresight, the laying out of certain sums to meet the principal of the bonds has been neglected. The board of supervisors, in this apparent lapse of public duty, has been called upon to make good its neglect, and to provide for the payment of principal of the bonds, which is not at present the real point at issue. It is sufficient to say, that the board of supervisors, in its neglect, has been committing a grave error, and that, if it is not corrected, it will be a source of great trouble to the county.

It seems that, from 1881 to 1891, no attention whatever was paid to the special levy to pay the principal of the bonds, and that the principal of the bonds has never been paid. The board of supervisors, in its neglect, has been committing a grave error, and that, if it is not corrected, it will be a source of great trouble to the county.

According to the figures furnished by Dist. Atty. Dillon, and which were published in last Friday's Times, it seems that the amount needed to supply the delinquencies of former boards of supervisors is \$197,500. This sum, added to the amount of the bonds, and the increased rate of city and State taxation should not be forgotten.

Another point in this matter which has not been properly considered is the exact use of the funds, and the fact that the funds accumulated by this special levy are put. It simply means the taking out of circulation each year of a vast sum of money, and locking it up in the treasury vaults, or as special deposits in the banks.

It has been said that the statute requiring the levy is mandatory, inasmuch as the Legislature has inserted the word "shall" when defining the powers of the board of supervisors. The board of supervisors, in its neglect, has been committing a grave error, and that, if it is not corrected, it will be a source of great trouble to the county.

It is a fact that the loophole afforded by an acceptable definition of the word "shall" has not been considered by the board in their discussions. A proposition has been advanced, and seems to have an element of success, to have the board recognize the \$197,500 mentioned in the District Attorney's statement, and levy an additional tax of 25 per cent. of the total amount hereafter unprovided for, to be levied this year. This will certainly meet all the requirements of the case and will set a valuable precedent to future boards. It will show them that by making the levy each year, as long as the law so states, will only be increasing the annual tax rate by a minimum per cent., while by procrastinating year by year they are just "hatching chickens that will come home to roost" upon their successors. The lesson will have been an expensive one, but it will possess the virtue of having been well learned.

FAVORS ECONOMY.

Mr. Lopez Has No Desire to Squander the People's Money.

Last evening a reporter saw County Auditor Lopez with regard to the statement made by Mr. Griffiths, Aaron Smith and others of the Citizens League Committee.

Mr. Lopez stated that there was a disposition to put him in the position of a "victim" in the eyes of the people. He said, however, that he was not a victim, but a man who was doing his duty. He said that he was not a victim, but a man who was doing his duty. He said that he was not a victim, but a man who was doing his duty.

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tion of expenses, but that owing to the pre-existing chaotic condition of affairs this was necessarily a work that required a good deal of time. As far as the immediate work of extending the taxes was concerned, when approached by the Citizens' Committee, he had told them that he would give them a plan that would reduce expenses. The work last year cost \$3400, but that was under Mr. Lopez's predecessor, and when he took office he found the work as it was, but at the same time he was under bonds to insure that the work must be done accurately.

Mr. Lopez consulted with his attorneys and bondsmen, and ascertained that it would be illegal to "farm out" the work by contract. If this was done and the bonds were tampered with, a matter that might mean thousands of dollars, his bondsmen would be liable. The work of extending the taxes requires expert knowledge, as Mr. Lopez might involve thousands of dollars. Mr. Lopez stated that he intended to secure first-class men, and see that they were paid for their services. He was anxious to have business men call on him, and form their own conclusions as to the exacting nature of the work, and the necessity for absolute accuracy.

As an instance of Mr. Lopez's efforts in the direction of economy, he has secured the services of a bookkeeper, the assessment rolls and segregating the school districts \$135, as compared with the cost of the work last year, and the taxpayers while Mr. Lopez could rest assured that he would cut the expenses of his office to the lowest possible figure without interfering with the work of the office. Already there was a saving of \$1400 in the work of extending the taxes, and the taxpayers would get the benefit of the saving in that and other directions.

WANT THE WIDOW.

Los Angeles Men Who are Willing to Marry.

They are Willing to Sacrifice Themselves to Help a Lone Woman Manage Her Business Affairs if They Could Get Her.

Some days ago George A. Blanks, an Alameda confectioner, was the victim of a practical joke. Although a married man, some one inserted an advertisement in a San Francisco paper, and asked for a woman to manage his business affairs. The gentleman who inserted the advertisement was a man named Mr. Blanks, and he was a man who was willing to sacrifice himself to help a lone woman manage her business affairs if they could get her.

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TRINIDAD LAKE OF PITCH.

An Enormously Valuable Tropical Possession of the Queen of England.

(Boston Herald.) Beyond any doubt Lake Trinidad is one of the most valuable lakes in the world. It is an absolutely inexhaustible mine of wealth and in these days of asphalt the revenue from the lake shows so startling and rapid an increase that it can be a question of only a few years when the present revenue of the lake, which is now about \$100,000, will rank among the world's millions.

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me employment as well as her companionship. I wish you would send me the photograph of the lady residing at Williams' and her full name so that I may write to her. My standing is good I am temperate and a carpenter by occupation and you will do me a great favor in granting my request as I will marry this lady if we can come to meet each other and she finds I am just what I state, so please at once send me the photograph. Respectfully yours, ALBERT J. M. No. 616 Spring street, Los Angeles, Cal.

Los Angeles furnishes its full quota of those who wish to get the address of the "Williams widow." D. G. S. not only wants her address, but the address of several other ladies.

LOS ANGELES (Cal.) Sept. 5, 1893. G. W. Blank, No. 1311 Park Street, Alameda, Cal., Dear Sir: Would you be kind enough to give me the address of a few of the noble widows that desire to get married. Namely, the lady from Williams, Ariz., Polk street, at once send me the photograph. I mean business. If you are not too much vexed over the matter please answer. Yours respectfully, D. G. S.

P. S.—Please don't give me away, as I wish this to be confidential.

From the above it would seem that the widow who is the subject of the above, need go far to secure a husband to help her manage her business.

COINING THE SEIGNIORAGE.

The Opinions of Leading San Francisco Bankers.

The San Francisco Call of Saturday drew an interview with leading bankers of that city, giving their opinions in regard to the effect upon the financial situation should the rumor that Secretary Carlisle intended to coin the seigniorage prove to be true.

Mr. Hellman of the Nevada Bank takes a cheerful view of the matter. Since the coming of the bullion now lying idle and useless in the treasury vaults will be of benefit to the government, it must needs be to the people. In regard to the Secretary's taking such a step without waiting for authority from Congress, Mr. Hellman says that he has no objection to it, but that he has not a perfect legal right to do it. If he decides to take this step it will not be until he is perfectly sure of his position.

Mr. Lillenthal of the Anglo-Californian Bank thought it would be an excellent thing, and that Carlisle could not do better than to put the \$50,000,000 now in the treasury into active circulation. "The country will be just \$50,000,000 better off," he said, "and the government will be \$50,000,000 richer." Mr. Lillenthal said that he had no objection to the Secretary's taking such a step without waiting for authority from Congress, but that he has not a perfect legal right to do it.

Mr. Brown of the Bank of California considered it a good idea, to use the seigniorage as lying in the treasury is of no use to any one, but he declined to criticize Secretary Carlisle's action should he take the responsibility of coining it.

Mr. Scott of the Crocker-Sissons Bank could not see any advantage to be derived from the proposed coinage. "There is silver enough coining now," he said; "there is \$11,000,000 in silver lying right here in our mint; this difficulty is to get it into circulation. Silver has to be handled and banks do not care to keep much of it on hand; when we need it we have to send it to the mint, and the mint has to count over and counted and bothered with generally. It is inconvenient and bulky, and I cannot see coining \$50,000,000 more will do any good."

Mr. Murphy of the First National Bank treated the matter jocularly. To him the seigniorage was a valuable thing, and he had no objection to the Secretary's taking such a step without waiting for authority from Congress, but that he has not a perfect legal right to do it.

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WHERE IS LE BRANT?

A Cabinet-maker's Singular Disappearance.

The Man is Supposed to Be Insane.

Seven Children and a Sick Wife Left Destitute.

The Belief That Business Troubles Unbalanced the Husband's Mind, Causing Him to Wander Off, Generally Credited—The Wife's Story.

Mrs. F. le Brant, a poor German woman with seven small children to care for and not a cent of money with which to buy groceries and other necessities, occupies a small cottage at the corner of First and Alameda streets.

Being herself quite ill and unable to do any work, she is at loss to know from whence the next meal is coming to feed the hungry mouths of her wife and children.

Brant, the bold support of the family, has suddenly disappeared and is nowhere to be found, having dropped out of sight as effectually as if the earth had opened and swallowed him up.

Le Brant is a cabinet-maker by trade, his shop being on East First street, where he has for several months worked in the employ of a cabinet-maker, and his wife and children. Business of late, however, has been very dull in the cabinet-making line, and Le Brant found that each day brought him harder luck, as he had contracted a number of debts for material needed in his shop, and was unable to pay them from each day's earnings to pay these off.

Last Tuesday morning he went to his shop as usual, and remained there all day. Toward evening Mrs. Le Brant sent one of the children up to see him, but he sent the child back, saying that he was not at home, and that he had in his pocket the small change he had in his pocket.

That night he did not return home at all, neither did he appear on the following day, nor on Thursday. At 2:30 o'clock in the morning, a neighbor heard a knock at the door, and upon opening it her husband staggered in. He was not under the influence of liquor, but looked pale and worn out. His clothes were torn and his feet blistered as if he had walked for many miles. When his astonished and anxious wife asked him where he had been, and what was the trouble, he replied that he did not know, but that somehow he had seemed to fall asleep and the next thing he knew he was in the country. Recovering himself, he had at once looked about him and found that he was at Newhall. Then he tried to get back to the city, but was trapped back to the city, arriving at the hour stated.

That was all he remembered about his disappearance, and he seemed so much improved in condition that morning came as to be able to again start out for the shop. But from that time on, he has not been home, and in inquiry at the shop, the director of the fact that he had not reached there on Thursday morning.

Mrs. Le Brant is almost beside herself with grief at the actions of her husband, whom she is now thoroughly convinced is in an unbalanced mental condition. The reporter called at the house yesterday afternoon, and was in a high state of nervous excitement, but told the story of her trouble in a composed manner.

"My husband," she said, "has been acting rather queerly for some weeks, and I have been very much worried. He has been acting rather queerly for some weeks, and I have been very much worried. He has been acting rather queerly for some weeks, and I have been very much worried."

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PASADENA.

Los Angeles Electric Railway Company Will Control

The Local Lines This Winter—Two Banners Days at Rubio Canyon—Personal Notes and a Batch of Brevities.

It is altogether probable—and this on the authority of the owner of one of the local lines—that the Consolidated Electric Railway Company of Los Angeles will assume active control of the several Pasadena street car lines this winter, although they will probably not be operated by electricity before next spring. The fact does not seem to be generally known that this Los Angeles company entered into a contract early last summer to purchase what is known as the Fair Oaks line, the Colorado street line and the North Pasadena line of street cars, the bargain to be consummated within six months. Recent developments go to show that the electric road people are preparing to pay over the sums of money agreed upon for the respective local lines and assume the management of the same at an early date. A. J. Painter, superintendent and principal owner of the North Pasadena line, holds to this view, and says he has good reasons for doing so. It may be stated on the best of authority that as soon as the electric road gets its bridge completed across the river at Los Angeles it will immediately extend its line through East Los Angeles, and the work will not stop short of Pasadena. The coming out of this enterprise will occupy the greater part of the winter. Meanwhile the local lines will continue to be operated by horse and mule power until next spring, when it is reasonably expected that the electric line will be extended thus far and in full working order.

The City Council will probably act on the proposed franchises for the electric road at the meeting this (Monday) afternoon, when action will be taken on an important item on the future conduct of the Los Angeles company.

LANNER DAYS. The ever-increasing popularity of the Mt. Lowe Railroad attractions was never more forcibly emphasized than during the past few days. All day Saturday every Terminal train that went in the direction of Altadena carried its full quota of passengers, and on Sunday the trains were so crowded, a number of extra cars being put in service.

Many people decided upon Rubio Canyon as the most attractive spot in this vicinity to spend Admission day. As a result, the first morning train for the mountains carried an unusually large number of passengers. By afternoon the canyon and pavilion were filled with a lively throng of visitors, all bent on having a good time, and on Sunday the second of the throng came, and the canyon was again crowded.

Dancing to the strains of inspiring music, furnished by Lowinski's orchestra, constituted the second of the amusement, and in the evening the spacious ballroom at the Hotel Rubio presented a scene of unbroken brilliancy. Numerous couples were seen on the Columbia Hill Tennis Club graced the occasion with their presence, and many well-known society people of Pasadena and Los Angeles were seen tripping the light fantastic toe. At 9 o'clock, there was a brilliant pyrotechnic display on the summit of Mt. Vesuvius, and the canyon was illuminated with superb effect. Then Prof. James delivered one of his entertaining and instructive lectures, and was treated in the evening to a performance of the second of the throng.

On Sunday the 9 o'clock Terminal train out of Los Angeles passed through Pasadena with three cars crowded to their utmost capacity. It was the same thing over again on the train that followed an hour and a half later, and each of the three afternoon trains had all on board that they could carry. No less than 500 visitors spent Sunday in the canyon and on Echo Mountain, making it a red-letter day in the road's history. Lowinski's orchestra rendered a sacred concert in the afternoon, and in the evening Prof. James delivered a lecture on the series of astronomical lectures, which was heartily enjoyed by all who heard it. Prof. Lowe states that carrying 100 passengers, will soon be running between Altadena Junction and Rubio Canyon. The electric power will be created also, so to avoid any delay at Altadena Junction.

The register at Hotel Rubio contained seven pages of names of visitors. The dining-rooms at Hotel Rubio and the Swiss chalet on Echo Mountain were kept in full blast all day Sunday, catering to the demands of the hundreds of visitors, whose appetites were whetted to a keen edge by the bracing mountain air.

VERY MUCH ALIVE. The Pacific Gospel Union is reported to be still alive and doing good work in the way of feeding the hungry, clothing the poor and furnishing beds to strangers who are without means. The attendance at the meetings, which are held every evening, beginning at 7:30 o'clock, has been quite large. An invitation to attend is extended to everybody, especially strangers. The doors of the hall at No. 10 North Olive avenue are never locked. Here there is a free reading table well supplied with periodicals and a case full of useful books, which are at the disposal of all visitors.

PASADENA BREVITIES. F. J. Decker and family spent Sunday at Rubio Canyon.

Dr. J. M. Radebaugh returned home on Sunday from an extended Eastern trip.

Co. B, N.G.C., will hold a regular weekly drill this (Monday) evening at the armory.

Exc-City Recorder Van Doren has built up a lucrative law practice in New York city.

Pasadena Tent, Knights of the Macabees, will meet in regular weekly session this (Monday) evening.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Doty paid their first visit to Rubio Canyon Sunday afternoon, and were delighted with all that they saw.

Dr. J. M. Radebaugh is expected home in a day or two from an extended Eastern trip. He is at present in San Francisco.

Mrs. C. D. Daggett and Miss Ruth Daggett will leave on the Santa Fe tomorrow evening for Chicago, where they will spend several weeks.

Dr. and Mrs. Palmer returned on Saturday from a week's stay at Catalina. They say the cool weather is bringing the people home in large numbers.

Angelenos on the 6 o'clock train Sunday afternoon. Everybody had been up in Rubio Canyon.

The City Council will meet in regular session at 2 o'clock this (Monday) afternoon. Some matter of importance bearing on the paving question will come up for consideration.

The English classical school for girls, 124 South Euclid avenue, Pasadena, will reopen October 4. Courses in mathematics, English language and literature, history, science, Greek, Latin, French, Spanish, art and music. Miss A. B. Orton, principal.

Pasadena Lodge, I.O.G.T., has leased certain privileges in the new G.A.R. Hall on East Colorado street, which is now being fitted up in a handsome style. The lodge will accordingly remove from its present quarters in the Fish Block, and will hold its first meeting in the new hall on Tuesday evening, September 12, thus changing the meeting night from Friday to Tuesday evening.

SANTA MONICA. Second Heat of the Swimming Contest—Two Arrives.

The second heat of the 200-yard swimming contest took place at North Beach yesterday afternoon. There was quite a sprinkling of spectators to watch the event, although nothing like the number that has been on hand at the other matches.

As on last Sunday, yesterday's contest was won by J. B. Shakes, time 2 minutes. Mr. McMillan was second. If Shakes wins again next Sunday he will be entitled to the first prize, which is a bathing suit.

POLICE PICKINGS. Constable Dexter and Myers took to the County Jail Sunday morning William Hines and John Burke, otherwise known as "Irish John," both men having been arrested for committing an assault with a deadly weapon.

Burke was complained against by Fritz Guenther, an attaché of the Arcadia, who claims that Saturday morning he was stopped by Burke, who threatened to threaten him for some fancied grievance, and to emphasize his threats, pulled out an ugly pocket-knife, with the blade pointed at Guenther's "innards." Fritz ran like a quarter horse, and never stopped until he reached Justice Willis's office, where he was arrested.

He will be examined on the charge Tuesday morning.

Hines was arrested at the instance of George Miles, a Urah-avenue saloon-keeper, who charges that the defendant attacked him with a knife at his saloon Saturday afternoon. Before Hines could be released, however, he swore to a complaint against Miles, charging him with battery, and it will take Justice Twichell, with the aid of a philanderer, to decide the two, the greatest puzzle of the day (the day the case will be tried) to ascertain the true circumstances surrounding this case.

SANTA MONICA BREVITIES. The Santa Monica schools open this morning.

At the conclusion of the races Saturday afternoon, the members of the polo club gave a dinner to a large number of invited guests at Eckert & Hoff's pavilion. It was quite a swell affair.

John Beckwith and family of Los Angeles are at the Hotel Jackson.

John Bryson, Sr., was among the visitors yesterday.

Reynolds and wife, Dr. R. W. Haynes, E. V. Baker, Los Angeles; H. P. Osceaga, New York, and E. H. Spoor, Redlands, are among the late arrivals at the Hotel Jackson.

Percy Hampton, Anaheim; Mrs. H. J. Moore, Mabel D. Smith, Carrie M. Williams, Los Angeles; C. S. Carles, C. G. Denny, San Bernardino, and C. A. Denny, San Bernardino, were at the Hotel Jackson yesterday.

LONG BEACH. Phenomenal Catch of Pompano—News and Personal Notes.

John McGarvin made a notable catch just below the new wharf a day or two since, consisting of 800 pounds of pompano. This is the largest catch of this fish ever taken out of this point at a single haul.

H. C. Hibbard of the Riverside bar was at the beach Friday.

Officer John Slater of Pasadena was arrested at the Hotel Jackson.

William Tibbet of Rialto came down Friday and will spend a few days here.

William Schilling and his son had the good fortune to land a yellow-tail each from the wharf on Friday, one of which weighed twenty-five pounds and the other weighed twenty-five pounds and the other weighed twenty-five pounds.

W. B. Clapp and wife have joined the Pasadena colony here.

Mrs. J. H. Smith and Blanche Brown have returned to Long Beach, after a month's stay in Pasadena.

The Dawn carried a party of forty down to the Newport celebration by car, each capable of carrying 100 passengers, will soon be running between Altadena Junction and Rubio Canyon.

The fact that the holes are dug for the posts indicates that the promised street lamps will soon materialize.

S. S. Channon, the right of R. M. Webb, will be the one to come into possession.

George B. Bixby of Orange has taken the well-cottaged on Ocean avenue for a month.

Mrs. L. C. Kingsbury and family have returned from a month at Catalina.

E. B. Smith of Riverside has bought the William Goucher property on Second and Daisy streets, and will remove with his family to this city.

The public schools will open tomorrow (Monday) with Prof. Bailey in charge.

Work of gathering the grain from the Alamitos ranch fields into the warehouses has begun. The crop this season amounts to something over 40,000 bushels.

L. M. La Tona and wife of Glendora are in their cottage for a few days.

Rev. R. M. Webster has definitely determined to reside in Los Angeles, made the Congregational Church here, and much to the regret of the community, will remove elsewhere between now and November next.

ONTARIO. Mr. and Mrs. W. Staubly of San Luis Obispo county spent a few days during the past week with relatives in this city.

Misses Alice and Flora Butterfield of this city are visiting friends in Los Angeles.

Messrs. George and Fred Stann left Friday evening for the World's Fair at Chicago.

Text: B. Green made a business trip to Los Angeles Friday.

Mrs. J. J. Palmer of Los Angeles is visiting friends in this place.

Members of the Ontario ship four carloads of pears East from Banning during the past week.

The Ontario cannery comes to the front, working on an average 112 persons, and during the week canning seventy tons of fruit.

James Stanley, formerly of this place, but now residing in Los Angeles, made old friends a pleasant call on Saturday.

It took five cars to carry the people from Altadena to Pasadena and Los Angeles.

CONRAD for sea watch repairing. 123 N. Spring, corner Franklin.

ORANGE COUNTY.

The New Hotel at Laguna Destroyed by Fire.

The Building and Contents a Total Loss—Several Narrow Escapes—Adjoining Property Saved After a Hard Fight.

At an early hour Sunday morning the new hotel at Laguna was totally destroyed by fire. The loss was \$8000, with insurance on the building and contents to the extent of \$4000. The fire was first discovered in the postoffice corner of the building a few minutes past 2 o'clock, by Mrs. Brooks, the wife of the proprietor, who was awakened by the crackling flames. The people in the house were at once aroused, and the neighborhood turned out and fought the flames, but the valuable property could not be saved. The building was a frame and burned like a cracker box. In less than two hours after the first alarm was given there was nothing left but smoking embers to represent the hard earnings for years of Mrs. Brooks, who was striving to make this resort a popular and beautiful place.

NARROW ESCAPE. An assessment of \$1 per share has been levied by the Anaheim Union Water Company. The assessment is payable on or before October 5.

There is still a large volume of water flowing in the river, and the ditches are being served, trees and crops are looking much better than they did a few weeks ago.

The Board of City Trustees held their regular semi-monthly meeting Tuesday night.

The series of revival meetings in the tent on Lemon street are being continued with a large attendance.

The "Street of New York" will be presented Tuesday night at the opera-house by local talent.

Quite a number of members of the new desirable members lately, and the boys propose to get rid of an equal number of old members who have been a drag on the company for a long time.

The semi-annual target shoot of Co. G took place at the company's range Sunday last. Sgt. Hatfield made the highest score, and the average score was good throughout.

REDONDO. Holiday Features of Admission Day—Personal Mention.

The Corona brought in thirteen passengers from the South Saturday, and carried away twenty. She also took 350 tons of freight, mostly grain, for San Francisco.

The case against Emil Heiber for intoxication, which was set for Saturday, has been disposed of. Justice Harrison proposed another postponement on the ground that the defendant was ill.

The proposed change his plea to "guilty," after which he paid the \$10 fine imposed.

Quite a colony of campers were located on the beach Saturday. From Los Angeles came R. T. Sinclair, O. F. Herron, J. Quinn, W. C. Tropp and J. W. Williams, and their families.

The number of campers swelled by J. Halzlip and family of Compton and J. D. Long and family of Florence.

N. E. Bridges and wife of Los Angeles are over Sunday guests of C. A. Teel and wife.

The proposed wrestling match billed for today (Sunday) has been again postponed.

Saturday was considerably marked by holiday features at Redondo. About half the business men and places observed the day as a holiday, and the number of visitors was materially increased on its account.

Conductor Sam Gee of the San Diego and Redondo branch, who is in charge of Redondo on the Santa Fe, due to L. L. Sheppard's lay-off, but both men will return to their regular work today (Sunday).

A masquerade skate occupied attention at the pavilion Saturday evening. A feature of the programme was a mile race for which there were four contestants.

Skipper Mathison will have a party of Los Angeles out for a hunt after sea game today (Sunday). The party will consist of Capt. Mathison, and the following: C. A. Teel, M. G. Willard and A. G. Soto.

Cashier M. D. Chamberlain of the Red Sea Hotel, San Francisco, and his enthusiastic anglers on the wharf Saturday.

L. S. Hough, Santa Fe agent at Colton, accompanied by his family, enjoyed a Saturday frolic at this point, and will return to Colton for lunch on at Hotel Redondo.

The fish output Saturday amounted to 1000 pounds.

W. H. Evans, San Francisco; John H. Daly, Pomona, and R. M. Dole, Los Angeles, were among the Saturday guests at Hotel Redondo.

The steamer Scotia, Capt. Johnson, cleared Sunday, empty, for Huamantla, where she will load with grain.

The Pelican went over to San Pedro Saturday, and will return today with the bark Hurlbut in tow.

The trustees meet Monday evening in regular monthly session for the transaction of business, and the most important matters are likely to be presented.

A good many claims are being taken over the sand at low tide just now, and the delvers for them are plentifully scattered along the beach.

Charles Brant of the Redondo was taken to the hospital by a horseman who was riding over the beach.

The Santa Fe was a Sunday visitor.

G. W. Lynch of the Redondo was a passenger to San Pedro on the Pelican Sunday.

Stedman Clark and wife, and Burton S. Clark, Worcester, Mass., were among the arrivals at Hotel Redondo Sunday.

A social gathering of the ladies of the Macabees is in contemplation for an early date.

The regular trains Sunday were well loaded, and the beach is holding its own very well, but the wane of the season is discernible everywhere.

The guaranteed cure for all headaches is Bromo-Seltzer—trial bottle 20 cts.

DANDRUFF is a disease of the scalp. Van Haren's Quinine Hair Tonic cures it.

The Epworth League of the Methodist Episcopal Church, North, will give a phonograph social at the residence of R. J. Elmer of Chestnut avenue tomorrow (Tuesday) evening.

Juan Dios, a drunken Mexican, was arrested and jailed Saturday evening for persisting in assaulting a young lady in this city while she was on the street. He will be brought before a justice of the peace today.

ANAHEIM. The Bank of Anaheim has decided to go into liquidation, and wind up its business as a banking institution.

Owing to physical incapacity of the president, Mr. James W. S. Bartlett, Tustin has been appointed his successor.

INVITATIONS.

Where the Line is to Be Drawn in Sending

(Boston Transcript.) A curious question of propriety often comes up among women which neither conventionally nor sentiment has ever wholly settled to everybody's satisfaction. That is, the line to be drawn in the sending of formal invitations to people who have recently gone into mourning. Opinion and argument go two different ways. From one point of view it is judged that to send cards to gay functions shows a lack of sympathy with the sorrow of one's friend, and is as well a direct insult upon the other hand, to ignore the names in black on one's list is, of course, to leave open the doubt that, because temporarily withdrawn from society, they have been forgotten.

Moreover, it must be admitted that in many cases mourning is largely a matter of form. This is neither regrettable nor, as it may seem, on the face, heartless. Respect for the dead is a desirable thing even when a deeper feeling is impossible. And, admitting the case of those who feel most deeply, there really seems no lack of delicacy in including them in one's thought by an invitation, which must stand, if interpreted in the kindest sense, as only a remembrance. The revolution of mourning is something that no doubt will come to pass in due time. There will be less mourning, and the signs of woe are reserved entirely to those whose affliction is beyond all casual comfort or interests—to be held in the minds of friends even at the inauguration of their merry-making will seem to be not only proper but good. Speaking of etiquette in this particular line, a word is timely about the spirit in which weddings are often taken. As a usual rule, people in mourning classify themselves with any society doing—balls, dinners, teas—and decline to be present on the theory of propriety. Of the wedding breakfast or the wedding reception this is, indeed, possible; but concerning the marriage ceremony itself, whether held in a church or a house, reason appears somewhat at fault when it is treated on the same ground with dancing a German.

NEW YORK'S AQUARIUM. It is to Cost \$500,000 and Permanently Occupy Castle Garden.

Proposed by the suggestion that the Kansas City Fair Association expend \$1000 or \$2000 in the construction of an aquarium, it is an interesting fact that the last Legislature of the State of New York voted an appropriation of \$150,000 for a permanent aquarium, and an institution being deemed a public educator. The aquarium is expected to equal, if not surpass, the aquariums of the Old World. It will be free to the public, and is being constructed in the old fortresses standing on the Battery, which several score years ago were the site of New York city's defensive works. The aquarium will have thirty-six tanks arranged around the wall, which is circular, and in the center six small pools surrounding a large pool twenty-five feet in diameter. In this large central pool will be placed a fine specimen of a white whale, and in the six smaller pools porpoises, sword fish, sharks and other marine monsters. The remaining tanks will contain members of nearly all of the remaining finny tribes.

The aquarium building has an interesting history. Planning and building it was a part of fortification, it was remodeled as a place of amusement and named Castle Garden, a name historic in the record of musical progress in America. Its walls have echoed the melody of Jenny Lind, Malbran, Scagli, Grisi and a host of other famous singers. It was the Metropolitan Opera-house of its time. Fashion, however, soon began to desert, and the building finally descended to use as an immigrant landing station. Twice it was burned, and three years ago it was offered by the Immigration Bureau, which removed the landing depot to Ellis Island. Since then, and until the aquarium was projected, it has been used as a drill hall by the naval reserve battalion.

THE RABBIT PEST. Damage Done by the Little Animals in Australia.

(The Spectator.) No one who is at all familiar with the feelings of resentment, irritation and despair which find vent in the following article on this subject can doubt that the character of the rabbit needs whitewashing badly. It is said that any person convicted of bringing the white rabbit to any port of Cape Colony would be lynched as certainly as would a negro murderer of a white man in the Southern States of America.

In New Zealand the sheep farmer drives from one log cabin to another on his "run" with a cartful of cats in cages, which are deposited at each and taught to earn a living by keeping down the rabbit plague. The demand for cats, fostered by the increase of the rabbits, even disturbs the domestic circle when heart-rung favorites of known home-keeping habits mysteriously disappear, and bereaved housewives, on comparing notes, find a suspicious correspondence between the rise in prices offered by the advertising farmers and the sudden loss of their household pets.

In Australia the rabbit has learned a new accomplishment. In California it has forgotten an old one. The Australian rabbit has developed long claws and climbs the scrub with ease, in order to eat the leaves when grass is scarce. In California it has forgotten how to burrow, and the rabbit-infested district succeeded in driving the creatures by thousands into an inclosure, where they were destroyed without a chance to escape. But in all the colonies—and even in most parts of Germany, where the people will not eat rabbits, declaring that the meat is "too sweet"—the rabbit is looked upon as a pest, and so unremunerative as food as not to pay the wages of men employed in its destruction.

Value of the Drained Zuyder Zee. (Garden and Forest.) In the year 1886 a society was organized in Holland to make plans for the draining of the Zuyder Zee. It now officially reports that three-fourths of the soil covered by these 9,000 acres of water is as fertile as surrounding districts, and proposes a scheme of drainage which will leave 800,000 acres in the center as a lake, while the rest will be redeemed at a rate which will annually render from 12,000 to 15,000 acres available. The cost of the entire work is estimated at \$75,000,000. The largest enterprise of the same sort hitherto carried out has been the draining of Haarlem lake, which, after thirty-nine months of labor, added 46,000 acres to the solid soil of Holland.

When the Zuyder Zee was formed by an inundation, in the thirteenth century, some 80,000 lives are believed to have been lost, and this fact gives an idea of the profit which will result from its redemption.

How to Live if You Wish to Live Long. (Medical Journal.) Analysis of the important and controlling influences of inheritance, of diet and of temperate habits, the points to be learned from few statistical data attainable are that longevity is promoted by a quiet, peaceful life in a rural community, where there is freedom from the nervous strain and worry and excessively laborious toil. The businessman with increasing cares and responsibilities, the mill operative, tolling hard to keep together the souls and bodies of himself and family, the politician, the hard-working professional man, are the chief contributors to the centenarian ranks.

HOTEL RUBIO, higher than the Catskill Mountains, New York, is now open for the accommodation of guests, and is conducted on the European plan. Rooms from \$1 to \$2 a day, according to size and location. The finest mountain air, water and scenery that can be found on the globe.

THE delicious fragrance, refreshing coolness and health-giving properties of the skin by Pizzoni's Powder, commends it to all ladies.

STAMPING and pinning at short notice. Duttonholes and tailor buttons to order. Cincinnati, No. 123 South Broadway.

Bald Heads! What is the condition of your hair? Is your hair thinning? Does it fall out? Is it falling out in patches? Is it falling out in clumps? Is it falling out in tufts? Is it falling out in strands? Is it falling out in curls? Is it falling out in waves? Is it falling out in locks? Is it falling out in tresses? Is it falling out in ringlets? Is it falling out in braids? Is it falling out in pigtails? Is it falling out in buns? Is it falling out in chignons? Is it falling out in updos? Is it falling out in downdos? Is it falling out in all styles? Is it falling out in all colors? Is it falling out in all textures? Is it falling out in all ages? Is it falling out in all climates? Is it falling out in all seasons? Is it falling out in all times? Is it falling out in all places? Is it falling out in all ways? Is it falling out in all means? Is it falling out in all methods? Is it falling out in all manners? Is it falling out in all modes? Is it falling out in all fashions? 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EVERYTHING QUIET.

Sunday With the Chinese Residents.

What Wong Chee Says About the Situation.

He Denies That the Gardeners Will Stop Work.

But Says the Laundrymen Will Probably Shut Down From Fear of Arrest—Denies That It is a Boycott.

All was quiet down in the Chinese quarter yesterday, but beyond the air of seclusion which has prevailed the past week nothing unusual was noticeable, the different stores being open and conducting business as usual. While it is true that a great many Chinamen have left town, nothing like a general exodus is as yet apparent, and those who remain seem to be indifferent as to whether they are to come under the ban of the sixth section of the Geary law or not.

In the County Jail seventeen natives of the Flowery Kingdom are now confined, awaiting trial and inevitable deportation, and before another day passes it is thought that many more warrants will be issued as have been already served.

On Saturday many rumors were set afloat regarding the alleged closing up of the laundries and the abandonment of work by the Chinese gardeners. Moreover, it was said that the state of affairs had been brought on by the order of the Six Companies declaring a boycott in retaliation for the enforcement of the law. When the news of the alleged closing up of the laundries and the abandonment of work by the Chinese gardeners was first reported, it was met with a great deal of skepticism, and was not taken seriously.

The reporter started out to find Wong Chee yesterday afternoon to learn what foundation the rumors had in fact. He found him at a round table in the rear part of a store on Los Angeles street, where he was surrounded by a number of his countrymen. When he saw the reporter making his way toward him he looked up and called out with a smile, "What a newswriter! You told that was just the question the news-gatherer was about to put to him, he smiled again, and said quickly, 'Nothing new at all.' He then went on with his game, but between plays talked readily enough about the situation.

"Do I think the laundries will close? Well, maybe they will. The boys are all afraid of being arrested, I guess," he remarked as he alternately handled a small, white, newswriter's cap of wood and glanced at the questioner. "Are the men going to stop work because of an order of the Six Companies?" he was next asked.

Wong Chee first replied "I don't know," in rather an uncertain manner. "Well, if the companies had made the order you know how they would you not?" he persisted the reporter.

"Oh, yes, I surely would," he replied. "I think that the vegetable men are going to give up business."

"No, maybe they are taking a little rest, but they will not quit work. The laundrymen, however, are a different matter. I looked doubtful for a second, and then concluded his remark by reiterating his former statement that he guessed the 'boys' were scared and wanted to avoid running any risk of being arrested. Then he resumed his game, with the promise to furnish the public with anything new that might develop in the matter.

The other silk-robed Celestials, who had been standing around listening to the conversation, now proved to be no idle onlookers. Wong Chee is an autocrat in Chinatown, and his word is law, to his faction, at least.

THE GEARY ACT.

Full Text of the Law Under Which Chinese are Excluded.

The Geary act for the exclusion of Chinese from the United States, under which the authorities are now acting, was passed in 1892, and was approved by President Harrison on May 5 of that year. The full text is as follows:

Section 1. That any Chinese person or person of Chinese descent, when convicted and adjudged under any of said laws to be not lawfully entitled to be or remain in the United States, shall be removed from the United States to China, unless he or they shall make it appear to the justice, judge or commissioner of the United States, that he or they are subjects or citizens of some other country, in which case he or they shall be removed from the United States to that country provided that in any case where such other country of which such Chinese person shall claim to be a citizen or subject, the same shall be the condition of the removal of such person to that country, or he or she shall be removed to China.

Section 2. That any Chinese person or person of Chinese descent arrested under the provisions of this act or the acts hereby extended shall be adjudged to be unlawfully in the United States, unless such person shall establish, by affirmative proof, to the satisfaction of such justice, judge or commissioner, his lawful right to remain in the United States.

Section 3. That any Chinese person or person of Chinese descent convicted and adjudged to be unlawfully in the United States shall be imprisoned at hard labor for a period of not exceeding one year and thereafter removed from the United States, as hereinbefore provided.

Section 4. That after the passage of this act on an application to any judge or court of the United States the first instance for writ of habeas corpus, by a Chinese person seeking to land in the United States, to whom that privilege has been denied, no bail shall be allowed, and such application shall be heard and determined promptly without unnecessary delay.

Section 5. And it shall be the duty of all Chinese laborers within the limits of the United States at the time of the passage of this act, and who are entitled to remain in the United States, to apply to the collector of internal revenue of their respective districts, within one year after the passage of this act, for a certificate of residence, and any Chinese laborer within the limits of the United States who shall neglect, fail or refuse to comply with the provisions of this act, or who, after one year from the passage hereof, shall be found within the jurisdiction of the United States without such certificate of residence, shall be deemed and adjudged to be unlawfully within the United States, and may be arrested by any United States custom official, collector of internal revenue or his deputies, United States marshal or his deputies, and taken before a United States judge, whose duty it shall be to order that he be deported from the United States, as hereinbefore provided, unless he shall establish clearly, to the satisfaction of said judge, that, by reason of accident, sickness, or other unavoidable cause, he has been unable to procure his certificate, and to the satisfaction of the court, and by at least one credible white witness, that he was a resident of the United States at the time of the passage of this act; and if, upon hearing, it shall appear that he is so entitled to a certificate, it shall be granted upon his paying the cost. Should it appear that such Chinaman had procured a certificate which had been lost or destroyed, he shall be detained and judgment suspended a reasonable time to enable him to procure a duplicate from the officer granting it, and in such cases the cost of said arrest and trial shall be in the discretion of the court. And any Chinese person, other than a Chinese laborer, having a right to be and remain in the United States, may apply and receive the same without charge.

Section 6. That, immediately after the passage of this act, the Secretary of the Treasury shall make such rules and regulations as may be necessary for the efficient execution of this act, and shall prescribe the necessary forms and furnish the necessary blanks to enable the collectors of internal revenue to issue the certificates required hereby, and make such provisions that certificates may be procured in localities convenient to the applicants. Such certificates shall be issued without charge to the applicants, and shall contain the name, local residence and occupation of the applicant, and such other description of the applicant as shall be required by the Secretary of the Treasury, and a duplicate thereof shall be filed in the office of the collector of internal revenue for the district in which such Chinaman makes application.

Section 7. That any person who shall knowingly and falsely alter or substitute any name or name upon any such certificate, or forge such certificate, or knowingly utter any forged or fraudulent certificate, or falsely personate any person named in such certificate, shall be guilty of misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined in a sum not exceeding \$500, imprisoned in the penitentiary for a term not more than five years, or both, at the discretion of the court.

Section 8. The Secretary of the Treasury may authorize the payment of such compensation in the nature of fees to the collectors of internal revenue, for services performed under the provisions of this act, in addition to salaries now allowed by law, as he shall deem necessary, not exceeding the sum of \$1 for each certificate issued.

Section 9. A Six-team League to be Organized in the North.

The San Francisco Examiner of Saturday says:

Isolation of the court, and by at least one credible white witness, that he was a resident of the United States at the time of the passage of this act; and if, upon hearing, it shall appear that he is so entitled to a certificate, it shall be granted upon his paying the cost. Should it appear that such Chinaman had procured a certificate which had been lost or destroyed, he shall be detained and judgment suspended a reasonable time to enable him to procure a duplicate from the officer granting it, and in such cases the cost of said arrest and trial shall be in the discretion of the court. And any Chinese person, other than a Chinese laborer, having a right to be and remain in the United States, may apply and receive the same without charge.

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Section 9. A Six-team League to be Organized in the North.

The San Francisco Examiner of Saturday says:

The Haight-street baseball ground has been leased by the Southern Pacific Company to J. B. Gilbert, of the firm of Scott & Gilbert, and baseball will be re-established. Next Tuesday a meeting will be held at this city, at which Mr. Gilbert and others who are interested in the venture will formulate plans for organizing a six-team league, the clubs to be named, as now proposed, to be San Francisco, Oakland, Sacramento, San Jose, Petaluma and Santa Rosa. The two latter towns would make a good showing in the league, and a great deal of interest is manifested. It is believed that if represented in the league they would give better support than Sacramento and San Jose.

Several of the players in the recent league have gone East, among them Hank Spies, the catcher on whom Uncle Henry relied. But there are yet professional players enough in the State to fill out the six teams, and none will be imported from any foreign talent is all employed. For the purpose of seeing what the famous old-time players can do, a couple of games will be played at the Haight-street ground, on Monday afternoon and 2 o'clock Sunday, between the present San Francisco team and a picked nine of the countrymen. The latter will be captained by the California League, and the picked nine will have the following remarkable aggregation of players:

Pitcher, Phil Knell, of the old Greenhoad and Morans, and late of Pittsburgh, Washington, Philadelphia, San Francisco and Los Angeles. Catcher, Pop McFarland, formerly of the Haverlys, and late of San Francisco and Stockton.

First base, Jack Smith, of the old Knickerbockers and Pioneers, once one of the heaviest hitters in the country. Second base, Harry O'Day, the "Boy Wonder," formerly of the Altos, of the Stocktons, and late of Kansas City and Bay City, Mich.

Third base, Jack Donohue, late umpire and formerly shortstop of the Haverlys, of the California League, an old-time favorite.

Shortstop, Jim McDonald, late umpire and formerly shortstop of the Greenhoad and Morans, champions of '89.

Left field, Jack Fogarty, formerly of the Stocktons of the California League. Center field, Hume Smith, formerly of the champion Pioneers of '87.

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CITY COUNCIL.

Matters to Come Up at the Session to Be Held Today.

The message of the Mayor last week, recommending among other things that twenty additional policemen be employed, and that four additional sanitary inspectors should be appointed, was referred to the committee of the whole, as have been of late a number of other similar communications from the Mayor.

In order today for the Council to act on these matters.

The question of the disqualification of Mr. Ashman, of the school board, having been called to public attention, it will now, according to the city charter, rest with the Council to take action in the matter. While it is true that by some of the grounds of the argument that Mr. Ashman entered into a contract with the city by merely selling goods to it, is technical, yet it has also been argued that it is an evident violation of the intent of the charter for a city officer to buy or sell from the city. It is stated that the Mayor, when this matter was brought up, was of the opinion that Mr. Collins was not a city officer and had no right to do so. Mr. Collins, rather than lose the work, has resigned. The Mayor also stated that Mayor Hazard declined to take the same ground to have work for the city done at the tool works in which he was interested. On several occasions work was done for the fire department at the shops without Mr. Hazard's knowledge, and when he learned of it he refused to sign a requisition or demand to be presented for the same.

Section 6. And it shall be the duty of all Chinese laborers within the limits of the United States at the time of the passage of this act, and who are entitled to remain in the United States, to apply to the collector of internal revenue of their respective districts, within one year after the passage of this act, for a certificate of residence, and any Chinese laborer within the limits of the United States who shall neglect, fail or refuse to comply with the provisions of this act, or who, after one year from the passage hereof, shall be found within the jurisdiction of the United States without such certificate of residence, shall be deemed and adjudged to be unlawfully within the United States, and may be arrested by any United States custom official, collector of internal revenue or his deputies, United States marshal or his deputies, and taken before a United States judge, whose duty it shall be to order that he be deported from the United States, as hereinbefore provided, unless he shall establish clearly, to the satisfaction of said judge, that, by reason of accident, sickness, or other unavoidable cause, he has been unable to procure his certificate, and to the satisfaction of the court, and by at least one credible white witness, that he was a resident of the United States at the time of the passage of this act; and if, upon hearing, it shall appear that he is so entitled to a certificate, it shall be granted upon his paying the cost. Should it appear that such Chinaman had procured a certificate which had been lost or destroyed, he shall be detained and judgment suspended a reasonable time to enable him to procure a duplicate from the officer granting it, and in such cases the cost of said arrest and trial shall be in the discretion of the court. And any Chinese person, other than a Chinese laborer, having a right to be and remain in the United States, may apply and receive the same without charge.

Section 7. That, immediately after the passage of this act, the Secretary of the Treasury shall make such rules and regulations as may be necessary for the efficient execution of this act, and shall prescribe the necessary forms and furnish the necessary blanks to enable the collectors of internal revenue to issue the certificates required hereby, and make such provisions that certificates may be procured in localities convenient to the applicants. Such certificates shall be issued without charge to the applicants, and shall contain the name, local residence and occupation of the applicant, and such other description of the applicant as shall be required by the Secretary of the Treasury, and a duplicate thereof shall be filed in the office of the collector of internal revenue for the district in which such Chinaman makes application.

Section 8. That any person who shall knowingly and falsely alter or substitute any name or name upon any such certificate, or forge such certificate, or knowingly utter any forged or fraudulent certificate, or falsely personate any person named in such certificate, shall be guilty of misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined in a sum not exceeding \$500, imprisoned in the penitentiary for a term not more than five years, or both, at the discretion of the court.

Section 9. A Six-team League to be Organized in the North.

The San Francisco Examiner of Saturday says:

The Haight-street baseball ground has been leased by the Southern Pacific Company to J. B. Gilbert, of the firm of Scott & Gilbert, and baseball will be re-established. Next Tuesday a meeting will be held at this city, at which Mr. Gilbert and others who are interested in the venture will formulate plans for organizing a six-team league, the clubs to be named, as now proposed, to be San Francisco, Oakland, Sacramento, San Jose, Petaluma and Santa Rosa. The two latter towns would make a good showing in the league, and a great deal of interest is manifested. It is believed that if represented in the league they would give better support than Sacramento and San Jose.

Several of the players in the recent league have gone East, among them Hank Spies, the catcher on whom Uncle Henry relied. But there are yet professional players enough in the State to fill out the six teams, and none will be imported from any foreign talent is all employed. For the purpose of seeing what the famous old-time players can do, a couple of games will be played at the Haight-street ground, on Monday afternoon and 2 o'clock Sunday, between the present San Francisco team and a picked nine of the countrymen. The latter will be captained by the California League, and the picked nine will have the following remarkable aggregation of players:

Pitcher, Phil Knell, of the old Greenhoad and Morans, and late of Pittsburgh, Washington, Philadelphia, San Francisco and Los Angeles. Catcher, Pop McFarland, formerly of the Haverlys, and late of San Francisco and Stockton.

First base, Jack Smith, of the old Knickerbockers and Pioneers, once one of the heaviest hitters in the country. Second base, Harry O'Day, the "Boy Wonder," formerly of the Altos, of the Stocktons, and late of Kansas City and Bay City, Mich.

Third base, Jack Donohue, late umpire and formerly shortstop of the Haverlys, of the California League, an old-time favorite.

Shortstop, Jim McDonald, late umpire and formerly shortstop of the Greenhoad and Morans, champions of '89.

Left field, Jack Fogarty, formerly of the Stocktons of the California League. Center field, Hume Smith, formerly of the champion Pioneers of '87.

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Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

ROCKWELL Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

A FARMER'S FOLLY.

How Henry de Long Got into Trouble.

Bit at a "Green-goods" Bait and Was Arrested for Violation of the Postal Laws—Would Be Rich Before His Time.

Henry G. de Long wanted to get rich all too rapidly, and as a reward for his zeal and haste now occupies a cell at the County Jail.

Henry is a farmer, and hails from Palmdale, Antelope Valley, where he has a government claim of a quarter section of land.

It was simply a case where the "green goods" men throw out their bait and caught a "sucker." In the person of De Long, whose letter in reply to their offer was opened by the postal authorities and his arrest was caused on a charge of using the mails for an unlawful purpose.

Some time ago, it is claimed, De Long received one of the alluring epistles telling all about the "green goods" business, the writer offering to send on a supply of the stuff upon the receipt of a small deposit. Here was a chance for the credulous farmer to gain wealth by far quicker means than his daily toil would allow, and he was slow in replying, the address given being that of M. B. Dunn, No. 327 Washington street, Boston. Evidently the authorities were not to be deceived by a small mail that might be sent to the supposed Mr. Dunn, for they made complaint almost immediately against De Long for violation of the postal laws.

A warrant was issued by United States Commissioner Van Dyke last week for De Long's arrest, and he was brought in yesterday by a deputy marshal and locked up pending an examination.

ROSH HAHANAH.

New Year's Eve Celebrated by the Congregation of B'nai B'rith.

New Year's eve was religiously observed last night by the congregation of B'nai B'rith at the synagogue on Broadway. A large number were in attendance, and the service of praise and thanksgiving conducted by Rev. Dr. Blum, rabbi of the congregation, was solemn and interesting. Dr. Blum offered special thanks for God's bountiful blessing in preserving through the summer just passed every member of the congregation, so that not one is missing from the land of the living.

Music was one of the features of the evening. The joyous anthems, sung by the excellent quartette choir, under the direction and assisted for the occasion by Miss Etta Jacoby, were very fine, and the solo, "Come Unto the Lord," by Barrie, was a beautiful manner. At tomorrow's service Mrs. Haralson will be heard in the solo, "The King of Love, My Shepherd Is," by Gounod.

Hon. Herman Silver addressed the congregation upon the significance of the Israelite of the New Year, the Jewish Rosh Hashanah. It was a finely worded and poetical address, containing allusions to the past and hopes for the future, and closing in an exceedingly happy manner with a fervent prayer to the old year and a welcome to the new. "Happy New Year, one and all, young and old, rich and poor, happy and unfortunate went pouring out of the synagogue at the close of the New Year's greetings, and were heard on every side to be shaken, kisses taken and good wishes briskly exchanged.

Tomorrow the cornet will sound the beginning of the new year, and the services of the holy day, commencing at 9:30 a.m., will continue for several hours.

GOV. LOUIS M. ROSS.

The New Executive of Lower California in the City.

Luis M. Ross of Lower California arrived in the city yesterday, accompanied by his wife, and are guests at the Mt. Pleasant Hotel on Boyle Heights.

The Governor is a man of fine appearance, whom one would think to be under 60 years of age. During the day the distinguished guests, in company with Water-Overser Bilderrain and wife, were driven about the city and past the various points of interest. At a later hour Mr. and Mrs. Bilderrain dined with the Governor and wife at the Mt. Pleasant.

Gov. Ross was seen by a reporter last evening, and, through the courtesy of Mr. Bilderrain, who kindly acted as interpreter, was enabled to converse with him. The Governor said that he was on his way from Lower California to the City of Mexico, and expected to continue his journey this morning, going by way of the Southern Pacific and through El Paso, Tex. The Mexican Congress was to meet on September 16, and, according to the usual custom, he was to go on his way to meet the President (Diaz) before that time, and present to him a message explaining the condition of local affairs in his province.

The Governor said that he intended to remain in Mexico until he should receive orders for the future. Beyond this, he said, there were no facts of interest which he could give. Matters in Lower California were about the same as usual.

(New York Press.) "Why do they say, 'he blew in his money?' Because, when he who does it realizes what he has done, it is a great blow to him." "O, I see, and then suppose he feels blue."

W. B. TULLIS, watchmaker, 402 S. Spring.

Unlike the Dutch Process No Alkalies or Other Chemicals are used in the preparation of W. BAKER & CO.'S Breakfast Cocoa which is absolutely pure and soluble.

It has more than three times the strength of Cocoa mixed with Sugar, Arrowroot or any other substance, and is far more economical, costing less than one cent a cup. It is delicious, nourishing, and EASILY DIGESTED.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

Best Roof Protections. P & B WATER PROOF PAINTS.

Roofing, Building Papers, PARAFFINE PAINT CO.

B. G. JUDAH, Mfg. Agt. 221 South Broadway, Los Angeles, Cal.

Another Importation.

Dinner Services, Open Stock Patterns, from \$7.50 up. Fine 50c Porcelain. We guarantee the goods. Everything First-class.

STAFFORDSHIRE CROCKERY CO., 417 S. Spring st.

Islam Burger's People's Store

SAFEST PLACE TO TRADE

Second Week of Our Surprise Shoe Sale.

—As Value Givers We Have No Equal.

—Now is the Time to Buy Shoes.

Prices are lower now than ever before.

—We carry none but the—Finest makes.

—A hint to the Wise is Sufficient.

First Surprise.

\$1.50—P. Cox's Hand Turned Shoes, opera or common sense last, AA, A and B widths, sizes 1 to 7, former price \$5.

Second Surprise.

\$1.50—Misses' Fine Dongola Button Shoes, patent tip, spring heel, former price \$2.75.

Third Surprise.

\$1.75—Misses' Kangaroo Calf Shoes, with extra patent tip, sizes 12 to 2, former price \$3.25.

Fourth Surprise.

\$1.25—Men's Fine Calf Shoes in congress or lace, sizes 9 to 11, former price \$2.75.

Fifth Surprise.

\$2.00—Ladies' square toe, patent leather tip, Prince Albert Oxford, the greatest value you ever saw, former price \$3.75.

Sixth Surprise.

\$2.00—Ladies' Fine Tampico Pebble Goat Shoes, splendidly made, very comfortable and worth \$3.75.

Seventh Surprise.

\$2.00—Ladies' French Kid Shoes, opera or square toe, sizes 1 to 3, all widths, worth \$4.00.

Eighth Surprise.

\$1.50—Ladies' Fine Dongola Button Shoes, in square or opera toe, patent leather tip, celebrated make, former price \$2.75.

Ninth Surprise.

\$2.00—Misses' French Kid Opera Button Shoes, made with heels, sizes 11 to 13, former price \$2.50.

Tenth Surprise.

\$2.50—Men's Fine Kangaroo Bals, St. Louis toes, splendidly made, former price \$3.75.

Eleventh Surprise.

\$2.25—Ladies' Russia Calf Tan Oxfords in English or square toe, very handsome, former price \$4.

Twelfth Surprise.

\$2.50—Curtis & Wheeler's Hand Sewed French Kid Oxfords, former price \$4.

Thirteenth Surprise.

\$2.50—Ladies' French Dongola Button Shoes in all styles and sizes, the greatest value that has ever been seen, former price \$4.50.

Fourteenth Surprise.

\$2.50—Men's Fine Vici Kid Bals, one of the best shoes made for wearing, former price \$3.75.

Fifteenth Surprise.

\$2.50—Men's Calf Shoes in congress or lace, in all sizes, its equal has never been seen, former price \$4.75.

Sixteenth Surprise.

\$2.75—Curtis & Wheeler's Ladies' Fine Kid Shoes, in opera or square toe, former price \$4.25.

Seventeenth Surprise.</